House of Representatives



General Assembly

File No. 667

February Session, 2016

House Bill No. 5508

House of Representatives, April 19, 2016

The Committee on Appropriations reported through REP. WALKER of the 93rd Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the bill ought to pass.

AN ACT PROVIDING FUNDING FROM THE DRUG ASSETS FORFEITURE REVOLVING ACCOUNT FOR INPATIENT DRUG TREATMENT SERVICES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 54-36i of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2016*):
- (a) There is established and created an account of the General Fund to be known as the "drug assets forfeiture revolving account" for the purpose of providing funds for substance abuse treatment and education programs and for use in the detection, investigation, apprehension and prosecution of persons for the violation of the laws pertaining to the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution or possession of controlled substances.
- 10 (b) The account shall consist of the proceeds from the sale of 11 property and moneys received and deposited pursuant to section 54-12 36h.

(c) Moneys in such account shall be distributed as follows: (1) [Seventy] Forty per cent shall be allocated to the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection and local police departments pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, fifteen per cent of which shall be used for purposes of drug education and eighty-five per cent of which shall be used for the detection, investigation, apprehension and prosecution of persons for the violation of laws pertaining to the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution or possession of controlled substances and for the purposes of police training on gangrelated violence as required by section 7-294*l*, (2) [twenty] <u>fifty</u> per cent shall be allocated to the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, [for] twenty per cent of which shall be used for purposes of substance abuse treatment and education programs and tobacco prevention and enforcement positions engaged in compliance activities as required by the federal government as a condition of receipt of substance abuse prevention and treatment block grant funds and thirty per cent of which shall be used for purposes of providing inpatient services in drug treatment facilities, and (3) ten per cent shall be allocated to the Division of Criminal Justice for use in the prosecution of persons for the violation of laws pertaining to the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution or possession of controlled substances.

(d) Expenditures from the account allocated to the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection and local police departments shall be authorized by a panel composed of: (1) The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection or his designee, (2) the commander of the state-wide narcotics task force or his designee, and (3) the president of the Connecticut Police Chiefs Association or his designee. The panel shall adopt procedures for the orderly authorization of expenditures, subject to the approval of the Comptroller. Such expenditures may be authorized only to the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection and to organized local police departments within this state. Such expenditures shall be held by the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection and the various organized local police departments in accounts or funds established for that purpose. In no

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event shall the expenditures be placed in a state or town general fund 48 49 and in no event shall the expenditures be used for purposes other than 50 those provided in subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section. The 51 panel shall ensure the equitable allocation of expenditures to the 52 Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection or any local 53 police department which participated directly in any of the acts which 54 led to the seizure or forfeiture of the property so as to reflect generally the contribution of said department or such local police department in 55 56 such acts. The panel shall authorize expenditures from the account for 57 the reimbursement of any organized local police department which 58 has used its own funds in the detection, investigation, apprehension 59 and prosecution of persons for the violation of laws pertaining to the 60 illegal manufacture, sale, distribution or possession of controlled 61 substances and which makes application to the panel 62 reimbursement.

(e) Moneys remaining in the drug assets forfeiture revolving account at the end of a fiscal year shall not revert to the General Fund but shall remain in the revolving account to be used for the purposes set forth in this section.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following						
sections:						
Section 1	July 1, 2016		54-36i			

APP Joint Favorable

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The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 17 \$	FY 18 \$	
Emergency Services and Public	SF - Revenue Loss	See Below	See Below	
Protection, Dept.				
Mental Health & Addiction Serv.,	SF - Revenue Gain	See Below	See Below	
Dept.				

Note: SF=Special Fund (Non-appropriated)

Municipal Impact:

Municipalities	Effect	FY 17 \$	FY 18 \$		
Municipal Police Departments	Revenue	See Below	See Below		
	Loss				

Explanation

The bill changes the distribution of drug asset forfeiture revenue, reducing the portion received by the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection (DESPP) and municipal police departments from 70% to 40% and increasing the portion received by the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services (DMHAS) from 20% to 50%. The additional funding for DMHAS will be used for the purposes of providing inpatient services in drug treatment facilities. In FY 15, a total of approximately \$2 million of drug asset forfeiture revenue was collected.

The chart below illustrates the change in the revenue distribution.

Drug Asset Forfeiture Distribution							
FY 15 Revenue: \$1,958,168							
Agency	Current Law			Bill			Difference
DESPP/Law Enforcement	70%	1,370,717		40%	783,267		(587,450)
DMHAS	20%	391,634		50%	979,084		587,450
DCJ	10%	195,817		10%	195,817		-

The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future subject to inflation.

OFA Bill Analysis HB 5508

AN ACT PROVIDING FUNDING FROM THE DRUG ASSETS FORFEITURE REVOLVING ACCOUNT FOR INPATIENT DRUG TREATMENT SERVICES.

SUMMARY:

The bill changes the distribution of drug asset forfeiture revenue, reducing the portion received by the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection (DESPP) and municipal police departments from 70% to 40% and increasing the portion received by the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services (DMHAS) from 20% to 50%. The additional funding for DMHAS will be used for the purposes of providing inpatient services in drug treatment facilities.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2016

BACKGROUND

Current Distribution of Forfeited Funds

Under the forfeiture law, prosecutors file civil actions in court seeking an order to forfeit property seized related to drug crimes. Forfeited money is deposited in a drug asset forfeiture revolving account. The law requires using account funds for substance abuse treatment and education programs and detecting, investigating, apprehending, and prosecuting people for drug crimes. It requires distributing funds to the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection (DESPP), local police departments, the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services (DMHAS), and the Division of Criminal Justice (DCJ) for certain purposes.

 70% to DESPP and local police departments, of which 15% must be used for drug education and 85% for detecting, investigating, apprehending, and prosecuting people for drug crimes and training police on gang violence;

- 20% to DMHAS for (a) substance abuse treatment and education programs and (b) tobacco prevention and enforcement positions engaged in compliance activities, as required to receive a federal block grant for substance abuse and treatment; and
- 10% to DCJ to prosecute people for drug crimes (the division states that it uses this money for salaries related to asset forfeiture).

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COMMITTEE ACTION

Appropriations Committee

Joint Favorable Yea 55 Nay 0 04/07/2016